

ARCHDIOCESE OF PHILADELPHIA
End of Level Assessment 2015
Religion Grade 5
Study Guide

1. There are **seven sacraments**: Baptism, Confirmation, Eucharist, Penance, Anointing of the Sick, Holy Orders and Matrimony.
2. The **Sacraments of Initiation** are Baptism, Confirmation and Eucharist. We begin our faith journey through these sacraments.
3. The **Sacrament of Baptism** makes us children of God and members of the Church. You should know about the baptismal call, rite, ministers, and symbols.
4. The **Sacrament of Confirmation** strengthens the graces of Baptism.
5. The bishop or a priest makes the sign of the cross with chrism on the forehead of the candidate and says, "Be sealed with the Holy Spirit."
6. The **Sacrament of the Eucharist** takes place at Mass.
7. **Real presence** is a term that expresses belief that Jesus Christ is truly present in the elements of the **Eucharist**, and that his presence is not merely symbolic or metaphorical.
8. The **Sacraments of Healing** are: Penance and the Anointing of the Sick.
9. Christ forgives the sins of those who seek his forgiveness through the **Sacrament of Penance**. Christ continues His saving ministry in the Sacrament of Penance.
10. Before receiving the Sacrament of Penance we should examine our conscience.
11. God forgives our sins when the priest raises his hand in blessing and prays the words of absolution.
12. The **Sacrament of the Anointing of the Sick** brings spiritual and healing strength to those who are sick or dying.
13. The **Sacraments at the Service of Communion** are: Holy Orders and Matrimony.
14. A man is anointed and ordained in the name and person of Jesus Christ to serve God and the people of God in the **Sacrament of Holy Orders**. The bishop is the minister.
15. A man and a woman who freely enter into a loving covenant in Christ are united in the **Sacrament of Matrimony**. The bride and groom are the ministers.
16. The **liturgical color**, purple, is used to show the preparation, penance, and repentance time of Advent and Lent.
17. Holy Thursday, Good Friday, and Holy Saturday are known as the **Easter Triduum**.
18. The **Paschal Candle** is the symbol of the risen Christ who is the Light of the World.
19. The birthday of the Church, celebrated fifty days after Easter, is called **Pentecost**.
20. The **liturgical color** worn in Ordinary Time is green.
21. White is the **liturgical color** which symbolizes glory, joy, and innocence. White is used at Christmas and Easter.
22. On the **feast day of martyrs**, red vestments are worn.
23. Holy water, statues, religious medals and objects are examples of **sacramentals**.
24. **Saints/Special Days/Feasts:**

- Immaculate Conception	- The Visitation
- St. Agnes	- St. Damian of Molakai
- St. Maria Goretti	- St. Maximillian Kolbe
- St. Marianne Cope	- St. John Vianney
- St. Charles Borromeo	
25. The **books used at Mass** are the Roman Missal and Lectionary.
26. Prayers offered during Mass for the various needs of the Church are called **Intercessions**.
27. **Parts of the Mass** (know what happens within the four main parts of the Mass)

- Introductory Rite	- Liturgy of the Eucharist
- Liturgy of the Word	- Concluding Rite